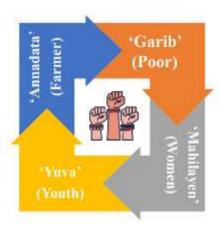


# **A Robust Roadmap for 'Viksit Bharat'**



### Focus on 4 major castes

- Garib (Poor)
- Mahilayen (Women)
- Yuva (Youth)
- Annadata (Farmer)



### **Nine Budget Priorities**









Urban development



Inclusive human resource development and social justice





# **Productivity & Resilience in Agriculture**



### **Transforming Agriculture Research**

Comprehensive **review** of the agriculture research setup to bring focus on raising **productivity** and developing climate resilient varieties

### **National Cooperation Policy**

For systematic, orderly and all-round **development** of the cooperative sector

#### **Atmanirbharta**

For **oil seeds** such as mustard, groundnut, sesame, soyabean, and sunflower

#### Release of new varieties

**109** new **high-yielding** and **climate resilient** varieties of **32** field and horticulture crops will be released for cultivation by farmers



# **Productivity & Resilience in Agriculture**



### **Natural Farming**

- 1 crore farmers (10 million) across the country will be initiated into natural farming, supported by certification and branding in next 2 years.
- 10,000 need-based bio-input resource centres to be established.

### **Shrimp Production & Export**

 Financing for Shrimp farming, processing and export will be facilitated through NABARD

### **Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI)**

- DPI for coverage of farmers and their lands in 3 years.
- Digital crop survey in 400 districts
- Issuance of Jan Samarth-based Kisan Credit Cards





#### **Scheme A: First Timers**

- One-month wage to new entrants in all formal sectors in 3 instalments up to INR 15,000 (~US\$ 179)
- Expected to benefit 210 lakh (21 million) youth

### Scheme B: Job creation in manufacturing

- Incentive to both employee & employer for EPFO contributions in the specified scales for the first 4 years
- To benefit **30 lakh** (3 million) youth

### **Scheme C: Support to Employers**

- Government will reimburse EPFO contributions of employers up to INR 3000 per month (~US\$ 36) for 2 years for all new hires.
- Expected to generate 50 lakh (5 million)
   jobs

# **Employment & Skilling**



- Facilitate higher participation of women in the workforce through setting up of working women hostels in collaboration with industry, and establishing creches.
- Loans up to INR 7.5 lakh (~US\$ 9000) with a guarantee from a government promoted Fund.
- Expected to help **25,000 students** every year.
- Financial support for loans upto INR 10 lakh (~US\$ 12,000) for higher education in domestic institutions.
- Direct E-vouchers to 1 lakh (0.1 million) students every year.
- Annual interest subvention of 3%



# **Employment & Skilling**



### PM's Package (4th Scheme)

- 20 lakh youth (2 million) will be skilled over a 5-year period
- 1,000 Industrial Training Institutes will be upgraded in hub and spoke arrangements with outcome orientation.
- Course content & design aligned as per skill needs of industry





# **Inclusive Human Resource Development & Social Justice**

- Plan for endowment rich states in the Eastern parts covering Bihar, Jharkhand, West Bengal,
   Odisha and Andhra Pradesh for generation of economic opportunities to attain Viksit Bharat.
- Amritsar Kolkata Industrial Corridor with development of an industrial node at Gaya.
- Allocation of more than INR 3 lakh crore (~US\$ 36 billion) for schemes benefitting women and girls.
- More than 100 branches of India Post Payment Bank will be set up in the North East region.

### **Andhra Pradesh Reorganization Act**

- Financial support of INR 15,000 crores (~US\$
   1.8 billion) will be arranged in FY 24-25.
- Completion of Polavaram Irrigation Project ensuring food security of the nation.
- Essential infrastructure such as water, power, railways and roads in Kopparthy node on the Vishakhapatnam-Chennai Industrial Corridor and Orvakal node on Hyderabad-Bengaluru Industrial Corridor

# **Manufacturing & Services**



- Credit Guarantee Scheme for MSMEs in the Manufacturing Sector
- Enhanced scope for mandatory onboarding in TReDS
- MSME Units for Food Irradiation, Quality & Safety Testing
- New assessment model for MSME credit
- Mudra Loans: The limit enhanced to INR 20 lakh (~US\$ 24,000) under the 'Tarun' category.
- Credit Support to MSMEs during Stress Period

### PM's Package (5th Scheme)

### **Internship Opportunities**

- Scheme for providing internship opportunities in 500 top companies to one crore youth in 5 years.
- Allowance of INR 5,000 (~US\$ 60) per month along with a one-time assistance of INR 6,000 (~US\$ 72) through the CSR funds.

# **Urban Development**



**Stamp Duty**: Encouraging states to lower stamp duties for properties purchased by women.

**Street Markets**: Envisioning a scheme to develop 100 weekly 'haats' or street food hubs in select cities

**Transit Oriented Development**: Transit Oriented Development plans for 14 large cities with a population above 30 lakh (3 million)

**Water Management**: Promote water supply, sewage treatment and solid waste management projects and services for 100 large cities through bankable projects.

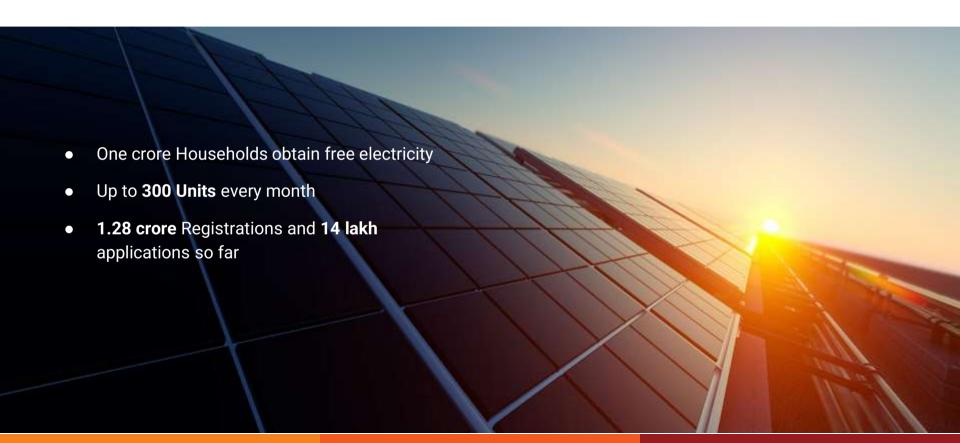
### **Housing Needs**

PM Awas Yojana Urban 2.0: Needs of 1 crore urban poor and middle-class families will be addressed with an investment of INR 10 lakh crore (~USD 120 billion).

Enabling policies and regulations for **efficient** and **transparent** rental housing markets with **enhanced availability** will also be put in place.

# PM Surya Ghar Muft Bijli Yojana





# **Energy Security**



### **Initiatives with private sector in Nuclear Energy**

- Setting up Bharat Small Reactors
- R&D of Bharat Small Modular Reactor and newer technologies for nuclear energy

### **Energy Audit**

- Financial support for shifting of micro and small industries to cleaner forms of energy
- Facilitate investment grade energy audit in 60 clusters, next phase expands to 100 clusters.

### **Pumped Storage Facility**

 For electricity storage and facilitation of smooth integration of the growing share of renewable energy

#### **AUSC Thermal Power Plants**

 A joint venture between NTPC and BHEL will set up a full scale 800 MW commercial plant.

# **Infrastructure**



Provision of **INR 11,11,111 crore** (US\$ 132 billion) for infrastructure (3.4% of GDP).

**INR 1.5 lakh crore** (~US 18 billion) to states as longterm interest free loans to support resource allocation.

Phase IV of PMGSY will be launched to provide all-weather connectivity to 25,000 rural habitations.

### **Irrigation and Flood Mitigation**

Financial support for projects with estimated cost of INR 11,500 crore (~US\$ 1.38 billion) such as the Kosi-Mechi intra-state link and 20 other ongoing and new schemes.

Assistance for **flood management** and related projects in Assam, Sikkim & Uttarakhand.

Assistance for **reconstruction** and **rehabilitation** in **Himachal Pradesh**.

## **A Boost to Tourism**



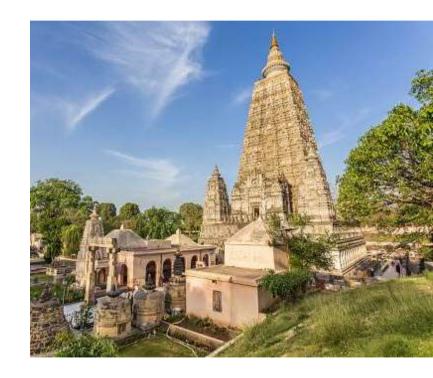
Development of **Vishnupad Temple Corridor** and **Mahabodhi Temple Corridor** modelled on Kashi Vishwanath Temple

Corridor

Comprehensive **development initiative** for **Rajgir** will be undertaken which holds religious significance for Hindus, Buddhists and Jains.

The development of **Nalanda** as a tourist centre besides reviving **Nalanda University** to its glorious stature.

Assistance to development of **Odisha's scenic beauty**, temples, monuments, craftsmanship, wildlife sanctuaries, natural landscapes and pristine beaches making it an ultimate tourism destination.



# **Innovation, Research & Development**



Operationalization of the **Anusandhan National Research Fund** for basic research and prototype development.

Private sector-driven research and innovation at commercial scale with a financing pool of **INR 1 lakh crore** (~US\$ 12 billion)

Space Economy: A venture capital fund of **INR 1,000 crore** (~US\$ 0.12 billion) is to be set up



# **Next Generation Reforms**



- Unique Land Parcel Identification Number or Bhu-Aadhaar for all lands.
- Survey of map sub-divisions as per current ownership
- **Linkages** to the farmers' registries
- Land records in urban areas will be digitized with GIS mapping
- **Digitization** of cadastral maps
- Establishment of land registry
- Enhancing the availability of capital for climate adaptation and mitigation related investments

- FDI and Overseas Investments: Simplified to facilitate FDIs and promote opportunities for using Indian Rupee as a currency for overseas investments.
- NPS Vatsalya: A plan for contribution by parents and guardians for minors.
- Improvement of data governance, collection, processing and management of data and statistics.
- New Pension Scheme (NPS): To address the relevant issues, protects the common citizen and maintains fiscal prudence will be formed.

# **Tax Proposals**

### **Sector Specific Customs Duty Proposals**

#### **Changes in Custom Duties**



Fully exempt 3 more cancer medicines from custom duties

#### **Beneficiaries**

Affordable medicines



Reduce BCD to 15% on Mobile phone, Mobile PCBA and charge

#### **Beneficiaries**

Mobile industry



- Review of Income Tax Act 1961
- Simplification of charities and TDS
- Litigation and Appeal
- Deepening the tax base



Reduce custom duty on gold and silver to 6% and platinum to 6.4%

#### **Beneficiaries**

Domestic value addition



Reduce BCD on shrimp and fish feed to 5%

#### **Beneficiaries**

Enhance competitiveness in marine exports



Exempted more capital goods for manufacturing of solar cells & panels

#### **Beneficiaries**

Support energy transition



Fully exempt custom duties on 25 critical minerals

#### **Beneficiaries**

Boost to strategic sectors



# **Direct Tax Proposals**



### **Rationalisation of Capital Gains**

- **Short term gains** of financial assets to attract 20% tax rate
- Long term gains on all financial and nonfinancial assets to attract a tax rate of 12.5%
- Increase in limit of exemption of capital gains on financial assets to INR 1.25 lakh (~US\$1500) per year

### **Employment & Investment**

- Abolish ANGEL tax for all classes of investors.
- Simpler tax regime to operate domestic cruise
- Provide for safe harbour rates for foreign mining companies (Selling raw diamonds)
- Corporate tax rate on foreign companies reduced from 40% to 35%

# **Tax Slabs**



Income up to **INR 3 lakh** will continue to be exempted from income tax under the new regime. The new tax slabs are as follows:



Standard Deduction for salaried employees increased from INR 50,000 to INR 75,000

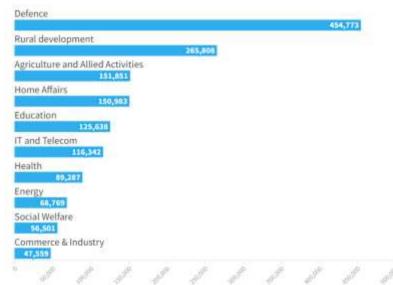
Standard Deduction for salaried employees increased from INR 50,000 to INR 75,000

## **Allocation of Funds**



- **Defence**: **INR 4,54,773 crores** (~US\$ 54.57 billion)
- Rural development: INR 265,808 crores (~US\$ 31.8 billion)
- Agriculture and Allied Activities: INR 151,851 crores (~US\$ 18.14 billion)
- Home Affairs: INR 150,983 crores (~US\$ 18.03 billion)
- Education: INR 125,638 crores (~US\$ 15.01 billion)
- IT and Telecom: INR 116,342 crores (~US\$ 13.9 billion)
- **Health**: **INR 89,287 crores** (~US\$ 10.6 billion)
- **Energy**: **INR 68,769 crores** (~US\$ 8.2 billion)
- Social Welfare: INR 56,501 crores (~US\$ 6.7 billion)
- Commerce & Industry: INR 47,559 crores (~US\$ 5.7 billion)





# **Outlay on Major Schemes**

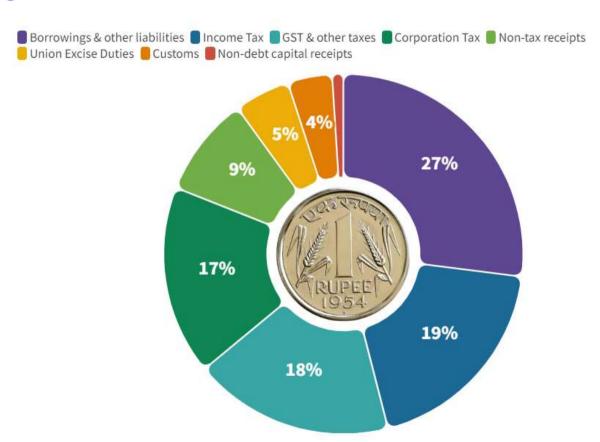


- MNREGA: INR 86,000 crores (~US\$ 10.3 billion)
- Solar Power (Grid): INR 10,000 crores (~US\$
   1.2 billion)
- Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojna: INR 7,553 crores (~US\$ 0.91 billion)
- Development of Semiconductors and Display Manufacturing: INR 6,903 crores (~US\$ 0.82 billion)
- Lines of Credit under IDEA Scheme: INR 3,849
   crores (~US\$ 0.46 billion)

- Nuclear Power Projects: INR 2,228 crores
   (~US\$ 0.27 billion)
- PLI for Pharmaceutical Industry: INR 2,143 crores (~US\$ 0.26 billion)
- Direct Benefit Transfer- LPG: INR 1,500 crores (~US\$ 0.18 billion)
- Research and Development Projects: INR
   1,200 crores (~US\$ 0.14 billion)

# **Incomes**

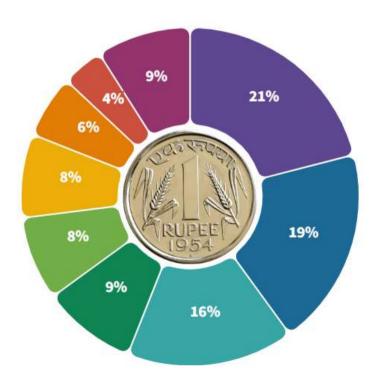




# **Expenditures**



- States' share of taxes & duties Interest payments Central sector scheme
- Finance Commission & other transfers Defence Centrally sponsored schemes Subsidies
- Pensions Others



# **Budget Estimates 2024-25**



The total receipts other than borrowings and the total expenditure are estimated at INR 32.07 lakh crore (~US\$ 383.4 billion) and INR 48.21 lakh crore (~US\$ 575.9 billion) respectively.

The net tax receipts are estimated at INR 25.83 lakh crore (~US\$ 308.6 billion) and the fiscal deficit is estimated at 4.9% of GDP.

Gross and net market borrowings through dated securities during 2024-25 are estimated at INR 14.01 lakh crore (~US\$ 167.36 billion) and INR 11.63 lakh crore (~US\$ 138.9 billion) respectively.

The government will aim to reach a deficit below 4.5% next year.



# Thank You

